SCIENCE

KEY STAGE 2 2005

TEST B

LEVELS
3-5

PAGE	MARKS
5	
7	
9	
11	
13	
15	
17	
19	
TOTAL	
Borderline Check	







TEST B

First Name	
Last Name	
School	

INSTRUCTIONS

Read this carefully.

You have 45 minutes for this test.

Answers



This shows where you will need to put your answer.

For some questions you may need to draw an answer instead of writing one.

Some questions may have a box like this for you to write down your thoughts and ideas.



1

The heart

(a) Denise uses a stethoscope.She listens to Joe's heartbeat before Joe exercises.

As soon as Joe stops exercising, Denise listens again. Joe's heartbeat is louder.



Describe one other change in Joe's heartbeat straight after exercise compared with before exercise.

P	

1a

(b) Denise and Joe collect information from four adults. The table shows what they find out.

Adult	Exercises regularly	Eats a balanced diet	Smokes regularly	Cleans teeth regularly
Α	×	×	✓	×
В	1	1	×	×
С	1	1	×	/
D	1	×	/	1

Which TWO adults are most likely to have healthy hearts'	Which TWO	adults	are m	ost likel	v to have	healthy	hearts?
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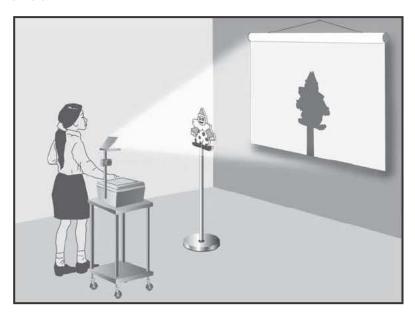
Write A, B, C, or D.

	and	
-	 and	***************************************



Shadows

(a) Lucy makes a shadow of a puppet on a screen.
She investigates how changing the distance of the light from the puppet affects the size of the shadow.



What unit of measurement should she use to measure the distance of the light from the puppet?

Tick ONE box.

g °C cm km N

What equipment should she use to measure the distance of the



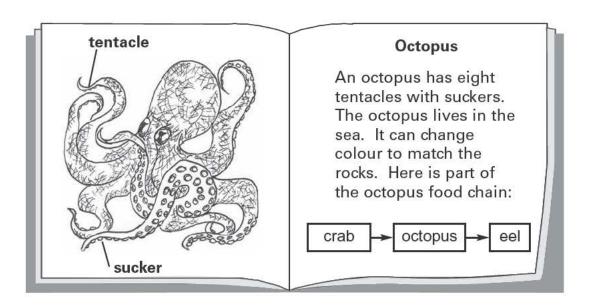
(b)

2b

6

(c)		What factor should she	change as sl	ne carries out her test?	
	8	Tick ONE box.			
		where the children sit		colour of the screen	
		brightness of the light		position of the light	
		position of the screen		the size of the puppet	2c 1 mark
(d)		What factor should she	measure to	collect her results?	
		Tick ONE box.			
		The height of the			
		light	shadow	table	
		puppet	screen	reflection	2d 1 mark
(e)		What factors must she test?	keep the sam	e as she carries out her	
		Tick THREE boxes.			
	9	where the children sit		colour of the screen	2ei
		position of the puppet		position of the light	1 mark
		position of the screen		size of the puppet	2ei 1 mark

(a) Some children are reading a book about an octopus.



Some animals have sharp claws to catch hold of their prey.

Which feature of the octopus helps it to catch hold of its prey?

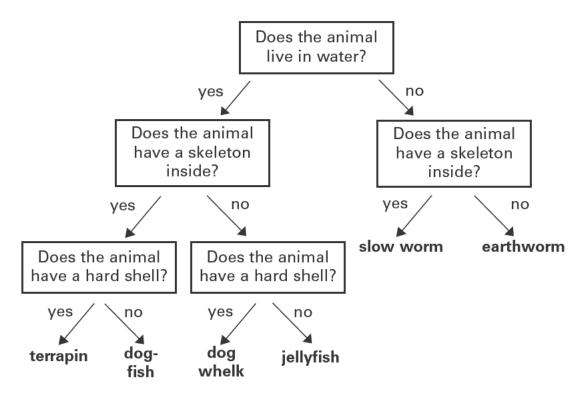
Use the book to help you.

3a

(b) How does changing colour to match the rocks help the octopus to **protect** itself?

.....

(c) The key below can be used to identify some animals.



Use the information in the key to help you circle the animals in the box below that **do not** have a skeleton inside their bodies.

1

Circle all the correct answers.

terrapin	dogfish	dog whelk
jellyfish	slow worm	earthworm

(d) (Use the key to write **three** facts about a terrapin.

1
2
3.



		3di
1 mar	k	



Solids, liquids and gases

(a) Kenny writes 5 statements about materials.

Kenny's statements

- A) Cotton wool is a solid. It feels soft on my skin.
- B) Salt is a solid. I can pour it.
- C) I can see that my water bottle is half full.
- D) The wooden table feels hard.
- E) I can smell the meat cooking.

How has Kenny collected this information?

Tick ONE box.

by fair testing by observing by measuring by modelling

4a

(b) Some of Kenny's friends describe their ideas about solids, liquids and gases.

can be poured.

Sally

Which of Kenny's statements can be used to argue against Sally's idea?

Tick ONE box.

4b

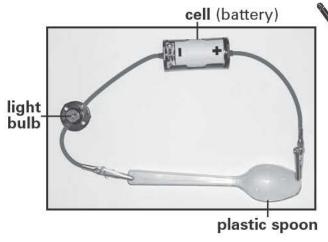
Only liquids

(c) Some gases smell. Jo Which of Kenny's statements can be used to support Jo's idea? Tick ONE box. (d) Solids are always hard. Paul Look at Paul's idea and Kenny's statements. (i) Do you agree with Paul's idea? Tick ONE box. Do not agree Agree (ii) Explain your reasoning.

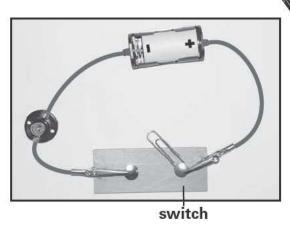
Electricity

(a) Shana builds the three circuits below. All the equipment works. The bulbs in the circuits are **not** lit up.

Complete each sentence to explain why the bulb has **not** lit in each circuit.



The bulb has **not** lit because the plastic spoon



The bulb has **not** lit because



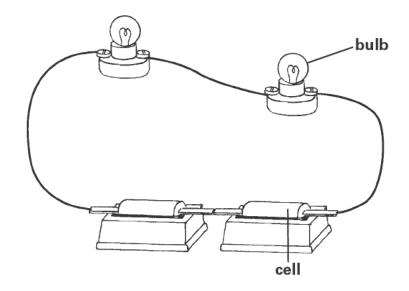
The bulb has **not** lit because

5ai 1 mark

5aii 1 mark

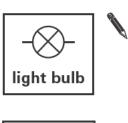


(b) Andy builds the circuit below. The bulbs **do** light up.



Draw a circuit diagram for Andy's circuit in the space below.

Use these symbols in your circuit diagram:





(c)	Andy wants to change his circuit so that the two bulbs are brighter.
	He can use any other equipment.

Suggest **TWO** ways Andy can make his **two** bulbs brighter.



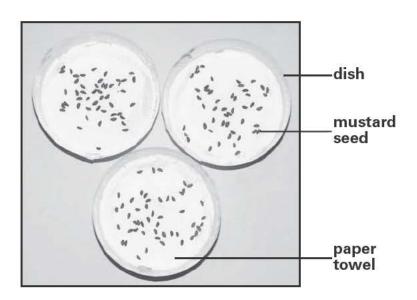
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Mustard seeds

(a) Evan investigates how temperature affects the germination of mustard seeds.

Evan has three dishes. He puts some paper towel and 40 mustard seeds in each dish.



He puts one dish in a fridge, one dish in a dark shed and the last dish in a cupboard. He waters the seeds regularly.

Describe **TWO** things Evan should keep the same to make sure his test is fair.



- 1.
- 2.

(b) Evan counts the number of germinated seeds in the dishes each day.

Place	Temperature	Number of germinated seeds		
	of place	day 1	day 2	day 3
fridge	cold	0	0	0
dark shed	cool	0	12	24
cupboard	warm	0	25	39

How many germinated seeds did Evan count in the dark shed on day 2? Evan concludes: 'My results show that the cupboard was the best (c) place for mustard seeds to germinate.' Explain how the evidence in the table supports Evan's conclusion. (d) Use the table of results above to answer this question. Tick ONE box after each sentence to show if, in Evan's investigation, it is true, false or you can't tell. Evan's investigation shows that the temperature affected... True False Can't tell the length of the stem.

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Γ		1
ı		6b
ı		1
1	mark	-



6

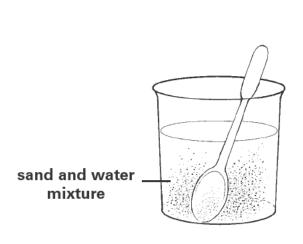
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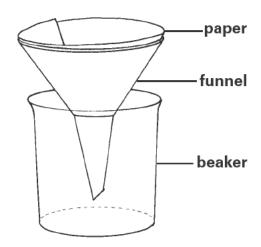
the germination of the seeds.

the colour of the seeds.

Separating materials

(a) Hannah mixes sand and water together. The mixture can be separated using the equipment below.





7a



7b

(b) Explain why sand can be separated from water using this method.

What name is given to this method of separating?

.....

(c) Hannah wants to separate some different mixtures.







flour and rice



steel nails and brass screws

Complete the table below to show how Hannah could separate each mixture quickly.

Mixture	Method of separating	How is the mixture separated?
sugar and water	evaporation	The water evaporates. The sugar is left in the dish.
flour and rice		The flour
steel nails and brass screws		The steel nails

7cia 1 mark
7cib
7ciia 1 mark
7ciib

The Earth and light

(a) Kate and Ashur are finding out about the Earth, Sun and Moon.

They decide to investigate how shadows change at different times of the day. Kate measures the length of Ashur's shadow.

They repeat their test at two other times of the day.



Draw **THREE** lines to match each time of day to the correct length of shadow.

8	Time of day	Length of shadow	
	11am	280cm	
	12 noon	110cm	
8a	5pm	70cm	

(b)	Tick ONE box to show why shadows change length during the day.	
	The Sun orbits the Earth. The Earth orbits the Sun.	
	The Sun goes up in the day and down at night. The Earth spins on its axis.	8b 1 mark
(c)	The Moon does not give out light of its own. It reflects light from the Sun.	
	Tick ONE box to show which sentence below is evidence that the Moon does not give out its own light.	
	The Moon is a sphere but appears to change shape during the month.	
	The Moon is nearer to the Earth than the Sun.	
	The Moon cannot be seen on cloudy days.	
	The position of the Moon in the sky changes.	8c 1 mark
(d)	Draw TWO arrows on the diagram below to show the direction the light travels so that a person on the Earth can see the Moon.	
	Moon	
	Sun	8di 1 mark
	Earth	8dii 1 mark

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