EARLY YEARS NATIONAL CURRICULUM GCSE GONVQ GCE A LEVEL NVQ OTHER VOCATIONAL

**QUALIFICATIONS** 

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SC KEY STAGE 2 LEVELS 3-5 2005

### Science tests Mark schemes

Tests A and B, levels 3-5

500 department for education and skills eating opportunity, releasing potential, achieving excellence

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First published in 2005

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### Marking the science tests

As in 2004, external markers, employed by the external marking agencies under contract to QCA, will mark the test papers. The markers will follow the mark schemes in this booklet, which is supplied to teachers for information.

This booklet contains the mark schemes for the levels 3–5 tests A and B. Level threshold tables will be posted on the QCA website (www.qca.org.uk/) on Monday 20 June.

### **General guidance**

### The structure of the mark schemes

The marking information for each question is set out in the form of tables. The 'question' column on the left-hand side of each table provides a quick reference to the question number and question part. The 'mark' column gives the number of marks available for each question part.

The 'requirements' column may include three types of information:

- a general statement describing what is required for the award of the mark;
- examples of specific creditworthy responses showing correct science;
- examples of creditworthy responses beyond the key stage 2 programme of study.

The 'allowable answers' column gives examples of 'allowable' creditworthy responses, showing correct science which may not be as clearly expressed.

The 'additional guidance' column may include different types of information:

- specific responses which are not creditworthy either because information from the question has been rephrased, or because the responses imply incorrect scientific knowledge;
- answers which are insufficient in themselves to gain credit, but are not incorrect science, and would therefore not lose credit if used with a correct response.

Where two marks are available for a question which describes the relationship between two continuous variables, the following will apply:

- *two* marks will be awarded for a creditworthy general comparison of the variables in question, eg the *bigger* the grains, the *longer* the sugar takes to dissolve;
- *one* mark will be awarded for a pair of creditworthy specific comparisons, eg big grains dissolve *slowly* and small grains dissolve *fast*;
- one mark will be awarded for a single creditworthy comparison, eg the biggest grains dissolve most slowly.

### Applying the mark schemes

The mark schemes give scientifically correct answers to each question as well as providing guidance on, and examples of, other answers which are allowable. In cases of alternative wording or where an answer is drawn rather than written, external markers will exercise their professional judgement. In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent queries are listed below, with the action the marker will take.

What if?	Marking procedure	
The child gives two or more responses to a particular question part.	<ul><li>a) If a child qualifies a scientifically correct answer with a scientifically incorrect statement, no mark will be awarded for that question part.</li><li>b) If a child qualifies a scientifically correct answer with an incorrect statement which is not relevant to the context of the question, the latter response is regarded as 'neutral' and the mark will be awarded.</li></ul>	
The child has not used ticks to indicate the correct response in a multiple-choice question.	Any unambiguous positive indication of the correct answer will be accepted. Ticks take precedence over any other form of response. Therefore, when ticks and any other sort of response are given together, the boxes with ticks will be assumed to be the child's response. If the correct boxes are left blank, no marks will be awarded.	
The child ticks more than the required number of boxes.	One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Negative marks will not be awarded.	
In a planning question, no answer is given in the expected place but the correct answer is given in the drafting box.	Where a child has shown understanding of the question, the mark(s) will be given.	
The child misspells a word.	a) If it is clear that the child has made a simple error, eg 'tow' for 'two' or 'son' for 'sun', then the incorrect spelling will be accepted and the mark awarded.	
	<ul> <li>b) If a child misspells a word copied from the text of the question or from a selection given, and the new word does not have any inappropriate meaning, the incorrect spelling will be accepted and the mark awarded.</li> </ul>	
	c) If specific scientific vocabulary is required in the answer, a creditworthy misspelling must be a phonetic equivalent of the required word, with the major syllables of the correct word represented in the answer.	

### Recording marks awarded

In the grey margin, alongside each question part, there is a mark box for each question part. Depending on the type of response made to each part of each question by the child, the external marker will put one of the following into each box:

- '1' for an acceptable/allowable response;
- '0' for an incorrect response;
- '-' if no response is made.

The number of marks gained on each double page will be written in the box at the bottom of the right-hand page. The total number of marks gained on each paper will be recorded on the front of the test paper, and on the marksheet.

Each paper has the following number of marks available:

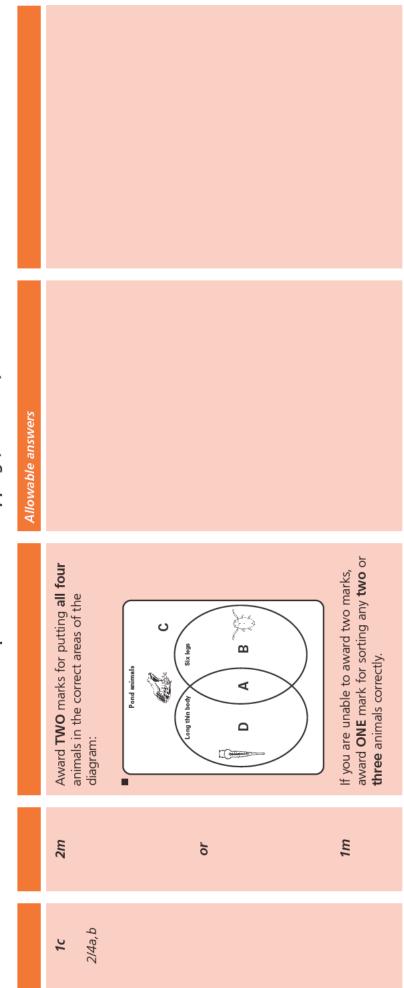
- Test A has 40;
- Test B has 40.

The 2005 key stage 2 science tests and mark schemes were developed by the National Foundation for Educational Research (NFER) and the Centre for Research into Primary Science and Technology (CRIPSAT) on behalf of QCA.

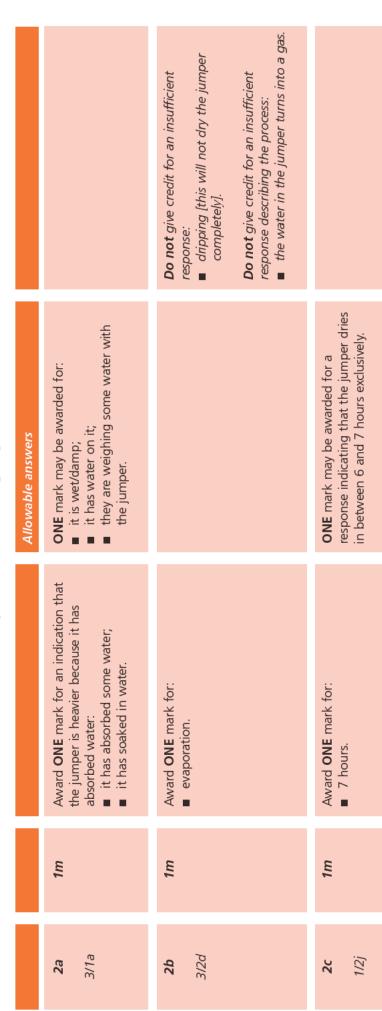
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<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that does not clearly imply the pond life remains in the net or the water goes through: <ul> <li>it sieves;</li> <li>it sieves;</li> <li>there are holes in the net.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that restates or repeats the stem of the question: <ul> <li>the net separates the living things and water.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that does not describe a feature but states that the animals belong to the same species:</li> <li>they are both snails;</li> <li>they are the same animals.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response giving a feature of many animals that would not be sufficient to distinguish a group of snails:</li> <li>eves;</li> <li>body;</li> <li>foot.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Allowable answers</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response which describes what happens to either the pond life or the water:</li> <li>the pond life is trapped in the net; the water can go through the holes (of the net);</li> <li>it sieves animals/living things (from the water).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for giving a reason for sorting the animals which cannot be seen by looking at the pictures:</li> <li>they move on a slimy foot;</li> <li>they have eyes on the end of stalks;</li> <li>they have the same body (shape).</li> </ul>
Award <b>ONE</b> mark for an indication that the pond life is not able to fit through the holes in the net but the water flows through it: the pond life is trapped in the net but the water goes through the holes; the plants and animals stay in the net as they are too big to fit through the holes, but the water flows through; the water can go through the holes in the net but the pond life cannot.	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for identifying a feature shown in the pictures that could be used to sort the two animals into the same group: they both have shells; they do not have legs; they have stalks/antennae on their head.
1m	11
<b>1a</b> 3/3c	<b>1b</b> 2/4b

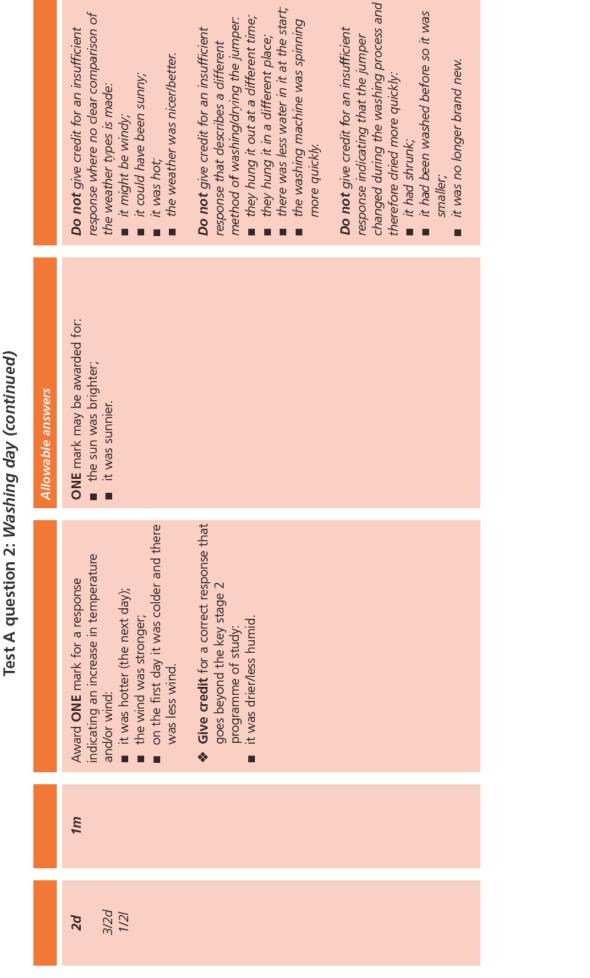
# Test A question 1: Pond dipping



Test A question 1: Pond dipping (continued)



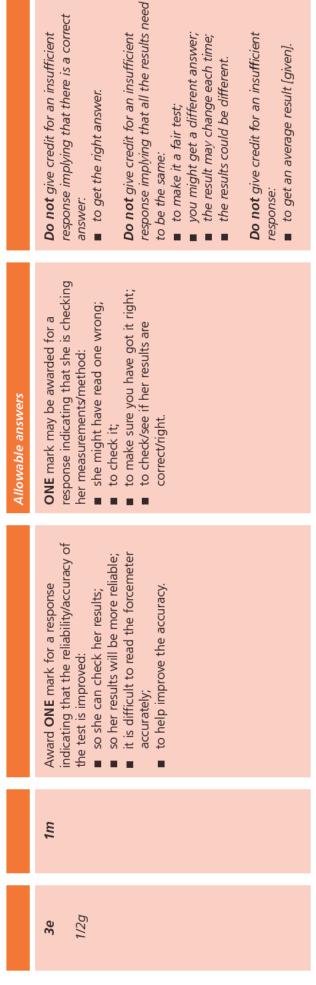
## Test A question 2: Washing day



	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response giving the units of measurement:</li> <li>newtons.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>Newton force measurer.</li> </ul>	<b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient response that does not interpret the data: 10.	
Allowable answers	ONE mark may be awarded for: <ul> <li>spring balance.</li> </ul>	<b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for: the second magnet.	
Award ONE mark for:	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for labelling the equipment as a forcemeter: forcemeter; Newton meter.	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for: (magnet) B.	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for:
1m	1 <i>m</i>	1 <i>m</i>	17
<b>3a</b> 3/1a	<b>3b</b> 112c 412e	<b>3c</b> 112j	<b>3d</b> 112c

Test A question 3: Magnetic noticeboard





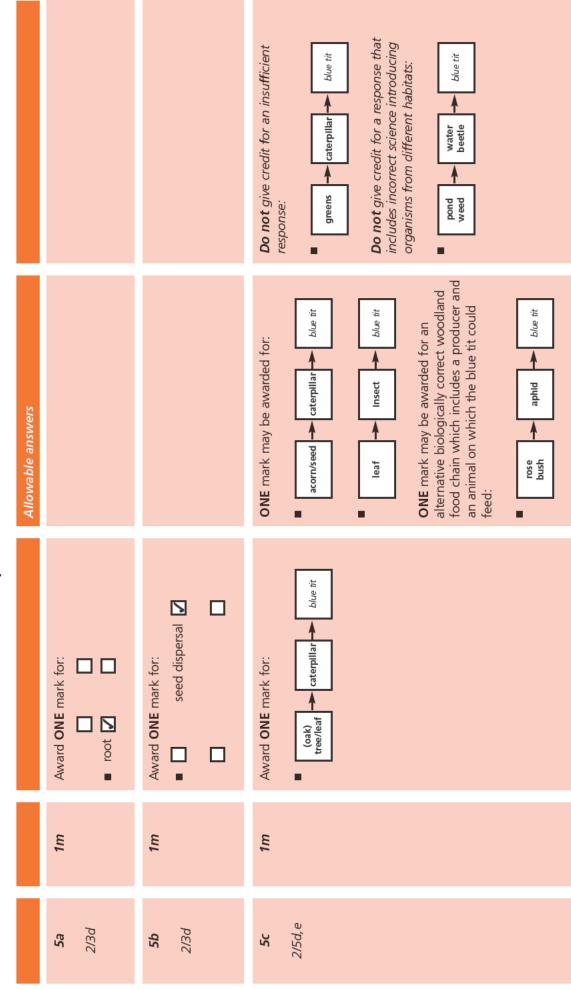
Do not give credit for an insufficient Do not give credit for an insufficient response: 8, 11, 13, 16. response: ■ grip. Allowable answers Award ONE mark for all four letters in Award **ONE** mark for **all four** letters in the correct order: Ω ш C C Award ONE mark for: Award ONE mark for: (fabric) D. ∢ ∢ the correct order: friction. ш 1m1m1m1m4d i 3/1a 1/2j 1/2 4/2c 1/2 4a 4b 4c



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	<b>Do not</b> award two marks if both responses are from the same category. <b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient response diving an absolute indication	<ul> <li>that the fabric/person does not slip:</li> <li>the fabric/it did not slip off;</li> <li>you will not slip/you cannot slip;</li> <li>you can slip on the other fabrics.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response referring to the time taken for the fabric to slide:</li> <li>it takes a long time to slide.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that reads information from the table in test 1 without interpretation:</li> <li>it went up to 16cm high;</li> <li>it took 16cm to slide.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which ambiguously refers to the absorbency of the fabric:</li> <li>it soaks up/absorbs water;</li> <li>it absorbs most of the water;</li> <li>hardly any water drips off; [they all absorb water].</li> </ul>
Allowable answers	Items 4di and 4dii should be marked independently so marks may be awarded for creditworthy responses to 4dii if the response to 4di is not creditworthy. <b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for the following responses given in either category:	The fabric does not slip as easily: <ul> <li>it had the highest ramp (before it slid).</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>The fabric is the most absorbent:</li> <li>it absorbed lots of water;</li> <li>it absorbed all the water.</li> <li>it absorbed all the water.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response that correctly gives information from the table in test 2:</li> <li>no water drips off.</li> </ul>
	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for identifying the <b>two</b> reasons (given in any order) why the fabric makes the best bath mat: <b>NOTE:</b> Only one scoring response may be taken from each category.	<ul> <li>The fabric does not slip as easily:</li> <li>it was the least slippery;</li> <li>it did not slip easily;</li> <li>a person would not slip as easily if they were standing on it;</li> <li>it has the most friction (with the ramp).</li> </ul>	AND	<ul> <li>The fabric is the most absorbent:</li> <li>this is the most absorbent;</li> <li>it absorbed the most water;</li> <li>it soaked up more water than the others.</li> <li>If you are unable to award two marks, award ONE mark for a single correct response.</li> </ul>
	2m			o 1 <u>m</u>
	<b>4d ii</b> 1/2j 3/1a			

11



Test A question 5: Oak tree



# Test A question 5: Oak tree (continued)

		Do not give credit for an insufficient response explicitly referring to the graph line going up rather than the light level: the line went up.	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which describes an event which would not necessarily result in a sudden increase in light:</li> <li>the Sun shone through the windows;</li> <li>the Sun shone in a different direction;</li> <li>the Sun moved.</li> </ul>	
Allowahle answers		<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response that may either refer to the graph or the light level:</li> <li>it went up/got higher,</li> <li>it went up smoothly/evenly/steadily.</li> </ul>	<b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for a response indicating that the sudden rise in the graph means the light has got brighter/there is more light, but with no description of what could have caused this:  Ight from the Sun made it brighter; the light suddenly increased;  it became brighter (outside);  more light came into the classroom.	
	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for:	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for a description of the light level increasing: <ul> <li>the light level increased;</li> <li>there was gradually more light;</li> <li>it got lighter/brighter.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for a description of an event that could result in a sudden increase in the light level: <ul> <li>a light was turned on;</li> <li>the Sun came out from behind a cloud;</li> <li>someone pulled the blind up;</li> <li>they moved a lamp next to the sensor.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for <b>all three</b> sentences correctly classified: The light source is above the desk <b>.True</b> The light cannot pass through the desk <b>True</b> . There is a shadow underneath the desk <b>True</b> .
	111	1m	1m	1 <i>m</i>
	<b>6a</b> 4/3a	<b>6b</b> 1/2i	<b>6</b> 1/2/ 4/3a	<b>6d</b> 4/3b 1/2/

Test A question 6: Light sensor

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Additional guidance	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response giving an alternative term for opaque:</li> <li>not see through.</li> </ul>
Allowable answers	
-	Award ONE mark for: <ul> <li>The sensor reading is lower when it is below the desk because the desk is opaque.</li> </ul>
	<b>6e 1m</b> 4/3b

	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which describes a different investigation:</li> <li>how much do bricks weigh?</li> <li>how much do bricks weigh?</li> <li>is this brick heavy or light?</li> <li>what would happen to the mass when dry and wet?</li> <li>what would happen to the mass when dry and wet?</li> <li>what dried the fastest?</li> <li>what dried the fastest?</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>which is best?</li> <li>Do not gives a conclusion:</li> <li>the hardest/heaviest bricks hold the most water.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which makes reference to imported materials:</li> <li>glass.</li> </ul>
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response which implies bricks are being compared:</li> <li>which one was most absorbent?</li> <li>which is least permeable?</li> <li>which is least permeable?</li> <li>which is best at absorbing water?</li> <li>which is best at absorbing water?</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for reference to 'liquid' rather than water:</li> <li>how much liquid each absorbed.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response which is not in the form of a question but which identifies a relevant IV and a DV:</li> <li>the amount of water held/absorbed by each brick.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>brick A, B, C and D;</li> <li>substance;</li> <li>material;</li> <li>material;</li> <li>brick.</li> </ul> ONE mark may be awarded for a reference to the difference between the bricks as being shape: <ul> <li>the shape of the bricks.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for identifying both the independent variable (IV) and the dependent variable (IV), eg:</li> <li>how much water was absorbed by each brick?</li> <li>which brick would absorb the most? how much water each substance absorbed?</li> <li>how nuch water each substance absorbed?</li> <li>how is the mass of different bricks affected by water?</li> <li>Give credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study: rate of absorption of the bricks.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for any acceptable factor that describes the IV: <ul> <li>the type of brick.</li> </ul>
	<b>1</b>	1 <i>m</i>
	<b>7a</b> 11/2a	<b>7b</b> 112d

# Test A question 7: Building materials

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<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response suggesting that all factors are kept the same:</li> <li>do everything the same.</li> <li>do everything the same.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which is an IV or DV:</li> <li>the water left.</li> <li>Do not give credit for a second response that is a repetition or restatement of the first.</li> </ul>	<b>Do not</b> give credit for a response in which the DV is not clearly identified: a see which brick is best to build with.
Allowable answers A mark may be awarded for any of the following responses: the amount of water; the container in which they are placed; temperature; the same place; make sure all the bricks are dry; mass/weight of dry bricks; size/height of bricks.	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>which scratches easily?</li> <li>which breaks most easily?</li> <li>whow much water can go through?</li> <li>how much water can go through?</li> <li>temperature effects on bricks or water?</li> <li>the mass/weight of the bricks;</li> <li>whether they dissolve or not;</li> <li>how high the water moves up the brick.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Award TWO marks for two relevant controls for this investigation:</li> <li>the volume of water in each container at the start;</li> <li>the length of time the bricks are left in the water;</li> <li>the starting dryness/dampness of bricks.</li> <li>If you are unable to award two marks, award ONE mark for any one correct control.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for any acceptable alternative DV identified, eg: the hardness of bricks; the strength of bricks; the permeability of bricks; the insulating properties of bricks; whether or not bricks are waterproof; time to dŋ.
2m or 1m	11
<b>7c</b> 1/2d	<b>7d</b> 1/2c

Test A question 7: Building materials (continued)

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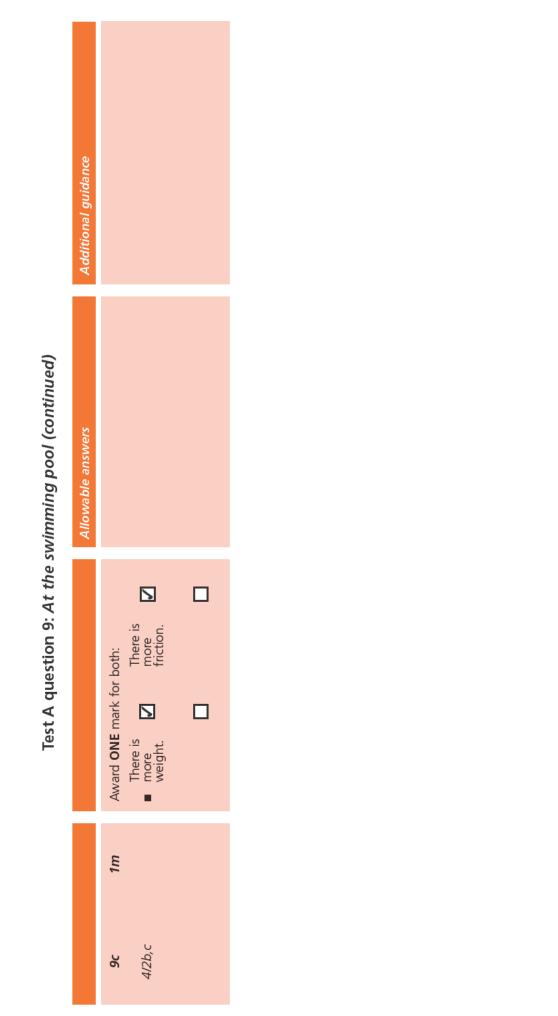
ice to melt in place of identifying letters. response giving the times taken for the Do not give credit for an insufficient Do not give credit for an insufficient When applying this mark scheme, please also refer to the General guidance given on pages 1 and 2. frosted. response: solid; Test uncovered ONE mark may be awarded for: ONE mark may be awarded for: Test flour Allowable answers Test salt becomes solid. solidifies; Time for ice cube to melt (minutes) indication of -4°C (below -3°C and above -5°C) marked on/near the thermometer: Award **ONE** mark for an unambiguous Award ONE mark for correctly labelling Test A **₽***₽* Flour insulates ice. 🗾 우 all three bars on the graph: Test C freeze/freezing/frozen. Award ONE mark for: Award ONE mark for: Test B Time for ice cube to melt (minutes) 9 우양 1m1m1m1m3/2b,d 1/2h,i 3/1b 1/2l 1/2f 8b 8d 8a 80

Test A question 8: Melting ice

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	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that describes what happens on a smooth surface, without explicit reference to a smooth surface [as the subject of the sentence is the rough tiles]:</li> <li>they will slip.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>because he floats well;</li> <li>because he floats well;</li> <li>lan is a (good) floater;</li> <li>he is treading water;</li> <li>he is lighter/weighs less;</li> <li>water pressure.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>the air holds him up;</li> <li>because of air.</li> </ul>
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for an absolute response:</li> <li>it prevents slipping;</li> <li>you will not slip (on rough tiles);</li> <li>you will slip on a smooth surface;</li> <li>there is friction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>there is a force up;</li> <li>because of upthrust;</li> <li>the water holds him up.</li> <li>the water holds him up.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response indicating that lan floats because there is air in his lungs/body:</li> <li>there is air in his body.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for an indication that people with wet feet are less likely to slip on rougher tiles:</li> <li>there is more friction (on rough tiles); you will not slip as easily (on rough floor tiles);</li> <li>shiny floor tiles are more slippery (than rough floor tiles);</li> <li>rough tiles have more grip.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for an understanding that lan floats because there is a force acting upwards from the water: <ul> <li>the water pushes up on lan;</li> <li>upthrust from the water pushes against the force pulling him down.</li> </ul> </li> <li>S Give credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study, indicating that the average density of a body is less than that of water (so the person will float) or that the forces are balanced: <ul> <li>the forces (of gravity and upthrust) are balanced;</li> <li>the force up and the force down are balanced;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	1m	t ع
	<b>9a</b> 412c	<b>9</b> 412d

Test A question 9: At the swimming pool



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	<ul> <li><b>Do not</b> give credit for a response that includes incorrect science implying there is more blood in his body when he exercises:</li> <li>there is more blood to be pumped around his body.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>his heartbeat is louder [given];</li> <li>his heartbeat is harder/stronger [ambiguous as to whether this will cause a louder or faster heartbeat]; his heartbeat changed.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that indicates blood will move faster but does not indicate that this is due to an increased heartbeat rate:</li> <li>blood is going round the body faster.</li> </ul>	
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for an implicit reference to the increased rate of Joe's heartbeat:</li> <li>it is quicker;</li> <li>it makes it go fast;</li> <li>his heart pumps more.</li> </ul>	<b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for a response indicating that a greater quantity of blood flows with each heartbeat.	
	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for an indication that the heartbeat will be faster:</li> <li>it pumps more so blood goes around his body faster;</li> <li>his heart rate increases;</li> <li>his heartbeat is faster.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study indicating that the heart pumps faster causing an increase in blood flow:</li> <li>more blood is pumped with each beat; it pumps more blood around his body.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for both responses correct [in either order]:
	111		111
	<b>1a</b> 2/2d		<b>1b</b> 2/2g

### Test B question 1: The heart

	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response which could not be used to quantify distance:</li> <li>a piece of string.</li> </ul>			
Allowable answers	ONE mark may be awarded for: ■ measurement stick; ■ metre stick.			
	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for identifying the appropriate measuring equipment:     ruler;     metre rule;     tape measure.	Award ONE mark for:	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for identifying the independent variable (IV):	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for identifying the dependent variable (DV):
	17	1m	1 <u>m</u>	17
	<b>2a</b> 1/2e	<b>2b</b> 1/2f	<b>2</b> c 1/2d	<b>2d</b> 1/2d

### Test B question 2: Shadows



Award <b>TWO</b> marks for <b>all three</b> ticks correctly placed:		size of the puppet	If you are unable to award two marks, award <b>ONE</b> mark for <b>any two</b> correct.	
e 2m		5	1m	
	<b>2m</b> Award <b>TWO</b> marks for <b>all three</b> correctly placed:	2m Award TWO marks for all three ticks correctly placed:	<ul> <li>2m Award TWO marks for all correctly placed:</li> <li>or</li> <li>position of the puppet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2m Award TWO marks for all correctly placed:</li> <li>or</li> <li>e position of the puppet</li> <li>e position of the screen</li> <li>1m If you are unable to award award ONE mark for any</li> </ul>

		Do not give credit for an insufficient response:  changing colour protects it [given].	
Allowable answers		<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response referring to being caught/eaten rather than to being hidden: <ul> <li>it is less likely to be eaten;</li> <li>it is less likely to be eaten;</li> </ul> </li> <li>It he eel will not eat it.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response referring to camouflage reducing the likelihood that the octopus could be hurt by its prey: <ul> <li>it is camouflaged so it cannot be seen by its prey;</li> <li>the crab might not hurt it.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for a feature of the octopus which helps it to catch its prey:</li> <li>it has suckers (to help it catch hold of its prey);</li> <li>its (bendy/flexible/long/many) legs/ arms/tentacles;</li> <li>an octopus has eight tentacles with suckers on them.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for an indication of camouflage for protection (from predators): so its predators cannot see it; so an eel is less likely to see it. it camouflages itself; it cannot be seen; so it can hide from predators (more easily).	Award TWO marks for identifying the three correct animals:         terrapin       dog whelk         terrapin       dog whelk         (jellyfish)       slow worm         figure unable to award two marks, award ONE mark for identifying any two correct animals.
	1 <i>m</i>	Ξ.	2m 1m
	<b>3a</b> 2/5c	<b>3b</b> 2/5c	<b>3</b> c 2/4a

### Test B question 3: Animals



		Allowable answers	
2m	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for an unambiguous indication of <b>any three</b> of the following facts foiven in any orderl:	<b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for:	
or	<ul> <li>it lives in water;</li> <li>it has a skeleton (inside);</li> <li>it has a hard shell;</li> <li>it is an animal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>it lives in the ocean/sea.</li> </ul>	
1m	If you are unable to award two marks, award <b>ONE</b> mark for <b>any two</b> facts correctly identified.		

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			<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>solids can melt;</li> <li>solids can dissolve.</li> </ul>	
Allowable answers			<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>a do not agree </li> <li>do not agree </li> <li>aND</li> <li>aND</li> <li>describing a different soft material that is solid:</li> <li>sponge is soft;</li> <li>oR</li> <li>for recognising powders are solid and suggesting these are not hard:</li> <li>salt is a solid but it is not hard.</li> </ul>	
Award <b>ONE</b> mark for:	Award ONE mark for:	Award ONE mark for:	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for:	
1 m	1m	111	1 T	
<b>4a</b> 1/2a	<b>4b</b> 1/1b	<b>4c</b> 1/1b	<b>4d</b> 1/2k	

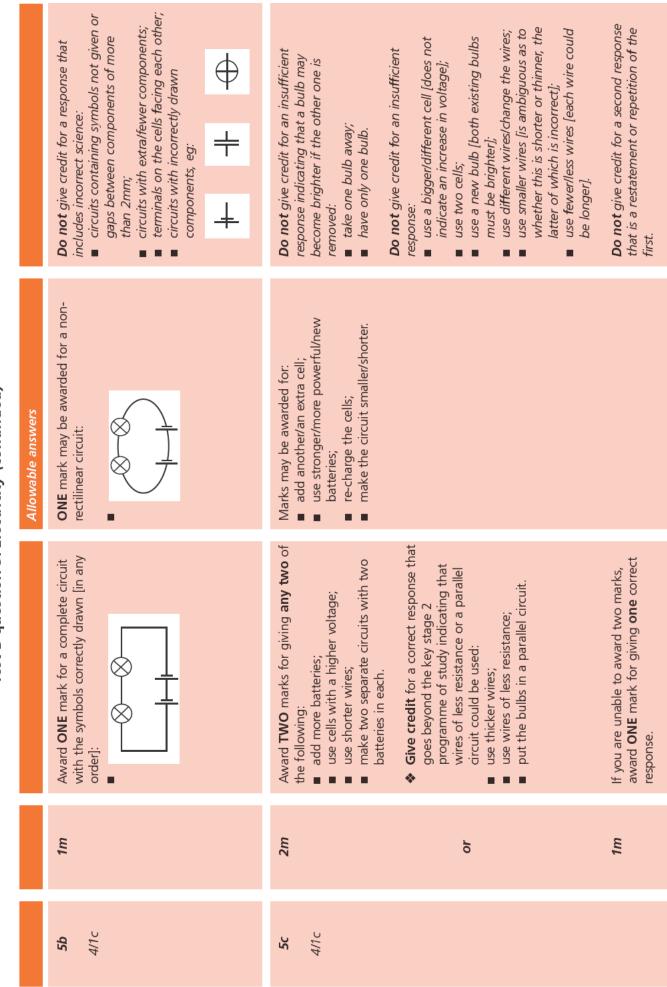
Test B question 4: Solids, liquids and gases

	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>is plastic [given];</li> <li>stops it going through [ambiguous as to what 'it' refers to].</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response describing the equipment as faulty:</li> <li>the switch is not right.</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>it is not connected/joined(properly).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response that refers to poles on the cell:</li> <li>the same poles are facing each other [indicates that electricity is being confused with magnetism].</li> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>the batteries are not connected correctly:</li> <li>the equipment is faulty;</li> <li>the cells are facing/pointing the same way.</li> </ul>
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response suggesting that the circuit would work if the spoon were metal: The bulb has not lit because the plastic spoon</li> <li>is not metal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded for: The bulb has not lit because</li> <li>the clip is not attached to the pin;</li> <li>the switch is not connected.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for: The bulb has not lit because</li> <li>the cells are the wrong way round;</li> <li>the batteries are pointing different ways;</li> <li>the batteries are pointing toward each other.</li> </ul>
	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for recognising that electricity does not travel through plastic: <i>The bulb has not lit because the plastic</i> <i>spoon</i> <b>•</b> is an insulator; <b>•</b> is not a (good) conductor (of electricity); <b>•</b> stops the electricity flowing; <b>•</b> does not let electricity through.	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for recognising the switch is open causing a break in the circuit: The bulb has not lit because the switch is open/not closed/off; there is a gap/break in the circuit; the circuit is incomplete.	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for recognising that (the terminals on) one of the cells is the wrong way round:</li> <li>The bulb has not lit because</li> <li>one of the cells is the wrong way round;</li> <li>the two positives are together.</li> </ul>
	1m	1m	1 <i>m</i>
	<b>5a i</b> 3/1c 4/1a	<b>5a ii</b> 4/1a	<b>5a iii</b> 4/1a

# When applying this mark scheme, please also refer to the General guidance given on pages 1 and 2.

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Test B question 5: Electricity



# Test B question 5: Electricity (continued)

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# Test B question 6: Mustard seeds

	<ul> <li><b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient response where no comparison is made or no direct evidence is provided:</li> <li>39 seeds germinated in the cupboard;</li> <li>the warmest place was the cupboard;</li> <li>it is the best place for seeds to germinate;</li> <li>the seeds grow/germinate quicker in the cupboard.</li> </ul>	
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for an implicit comparison of the data:</li> <li>there were 39 in the cupboard, 24 in the shed and 0 in the fridge.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for an indication that more seeds germinated in the cupboard than in the fridge or shed:</li> <li>more seeds germinated in the cupboard (than anywhere else); this place had the highest number of germinated seeds;</li> <li>39 was the highest amount of seeds to germinate in any place; most seeds germinated there.</li> </ul>	Award ONE mark for correctly classifying         all three sentences:         Evan's investigation shows that the         temperature affected         The length of the           the length of the           the seeds.           the colour of the           the colour of the
	13	1 <i>m</i>
	<b>6</b> c 112j	<b>6d</b> 2/1c 1/2j

# Test B question 6: Mustard seeds (continued)

<b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient response: evaporation.	<ul> <li>Do not give credit for an insufficient response:</li> <li>the sand can be separated because it has large particles [no comparison with water].</li> </ul>	<b>Do not</b> give credit for a response that includes incorrect science describing filtering with paper: using filter paper.
Allowable answers ONE mark may be awarded for: filter.	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response that recognises that the sand does not dissolve or that the sand has larger particles than the water (and therefore will not go through the filter with the water):</li> <li>because it does not dissolve;</li> <li>the particles of sand are larger than the particles of water.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a response that describes the water describes the water evaporating to leave the sand behind.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>sieve.</li> <li>Sieve mark may be awarded in 7c ia if sieving is named in part 7c ib and the response to part 7c ia is general or not attempted.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for:</li> <li>blowing/air.</li> </ul>
Award <b>ONE</b> mark for: filtering; filtration.	<ul> <li>Award ONE mark for explaining that sand remains in the filter and/or the water passes through:</li> <li>the water goes through the filter but the sand cannot because it is too big; the holes in the filter paper let the water through, but the sand is too big;</li> <li>only the water can go through the filter;</li> <li>the sand stays in the filter.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for naming the process of separation: <ul> <li>sieving/using a sieve.</li> </ul>
13	177	13
<b>7a</b> 3/3c	<b>7b</b> 3/3b, c, e	<b>7c ia</b> 3/3a

Test B question 7: Separating materials

	<ul> <li><b>Do not</b> give credit for a response that includes incorrect science clearly indicating that a filter is being used:</li> <li>The flour stays in the filter: The rice stays in the filter.</li> <li><b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient response that does <b>not</b> describe what happens to <b>both</b> the flour and the rice.</li> <li>The flour</li> <li>The rice stays in the sieve.</li> </ul>	<b>Do not</b> give credit for an insufficient	response that does <b>not</b> describe what happens to <b>both</b> the nails and screws: The steel nails will be attracted by the magnet. The brass screws
Allowable answers	<ul> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for the correct description of blowing the flour away:</li> <li>The flour gets blown away.</li> <li>The flour gets blown a way.</li> <li>ONE mark may be awarded for a correct description of sieving if 7cia is insufficient or incorrect.</li> </ul>	<b>ONE</b> mark may be awarded in 7c iia if a 'magnet' is named in part 7c iib <b>and</b> the response to 7c iia is general or not attempted.	
	<ul> <li>Award <b>ONE</b> mark for a correct description of the sieving process indicating that the flour passes through while the rice stays in the sieve.</li> <li>The flour goes through the sieve.</li> <li>The flour goes through the holes.</li> <li>The rice is too big.</li> </ul>	Award <b>ONE</b> mark for naming the process of separation: <ul> <li>using a magnet.</li> </ul> Award <b>ONE</b> mark for a correct description	of the separation indicating that the steel/ nails will be attracted to the magnet and the brass/screws will not: The steel nails will be attracted to the magnet. The brass screws will not; The steel nails will go/stick to the magnet. The brass screws will stay behind.
	17	1m 1m	
	<b>7c ib</b> 3/3a	7c iia 3/1a 7c iib	3/1a

# Test B question 7: Separating materials (continued)

When applying this mark scheme, please also refer to the General guidance given on pages 1 and 2.



